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Amendments to Claims

Claim 1 (Original). An isolated nucleic acid molecule encoding a tyrosine ammonia lyase enzyme, selected from the group consisting of:

- a) an isolated nucleic acid molecule encoding the amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO:3;
- b) an isolated nucleic acid molecule that hybridizes with (a) under the following hybridization conditions: 0.1X SSC, 0.1% SDS, 65 °C and washed with 2X SSC, 0.1% SDS followed by 0.1X SSC, 0.1% SDS; or an isolated nucleic acid molecule that is complementary to (a) or (b).

Claim 2 (Original). An isolated nucleic acid molecule as set forth in SEQ ID NO:2.

Claim 3 (Withdrawn). A polypeptide encoded by the isolated nucleic acid molecule of Claim 1.

Claim 4 (Withdrawn). A polypeptide encoded by the isolated nucleic acid molecule of Claim 2.

Claim 5 (Withdrawn). A polypeptide having the amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO:3.

Claim 6 (Currently Amended). An isolated nucleic acid molecule comprising a first nucleotide sequence encoding a polypeptide of at least 526 amino acids that has at least 5690% identity based on the Smith-Waterman method of alignment when compared to a polypeptide having the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO:3 or a second nucleotide sequence comprising the complement of the first nucleotide sequence, wherein said enzyme has tyrosine ammonia lyase activity.

Claim 7 (Original). A chimeric gene comprising the isolated nucleic acid molecule of Claims 1 or 2 operably linked to suitable regulatory sequences.

Claim 8 (Original). A transformed host cell comprising the chimeric gene of Claim 7.

Claim 9 (Original). The transformed host cell of Claim 8 wherein the host cell is selected from the group consisting of bacteria, yeast, filamentous fungi, algae, and green plants.

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Claim 10 (Original). The transformed host cell of Claim 9 wherein the host cell Is selected from the group consisting of Escherichia, Salmonella, Bacillus, Acinetobacter, Streptomyces, Methylobacter, Rhodococcus, Pseudomonas, Rhodobacter, Synechocystis, Aspergillus and Arthrobotrys.

Claim 11 (Original). The transformed host cell of Claim 8 wherein the host cell Is selected from the group consisting of Saccharomyces, Zygosaccharomyces, Kluyveromyces, Candida, Hansenula, Debaryomyces, Pichia, Mucor, and Torulopsis.

Claim 12 (Original). The transformed host cell of Claim 8 wherein the host cell Is selected from the group consisting soybean, rapeseed, pepper, sunflower, cotton, com, tobacco, alfalfa, wheat, barley, oats, sorghum, rice, *Arabidopsis*, cruciferous vegetables, melons, carrots, celery, parsley, tomatoes, potatoes, strawberries, peanuts, grapes, grass seed crops, sugar beets, sugar cane, beans, peas, rye, flax, hardwood trees, softwood trees, and forage grasses.

Claim 13 (Withdrawn). A method of obtaining a nucleic acid molecule encoding a tyrosine ammonia lyase enzyme comprising:

- a) probing a genomic library with the nucleic acid molecule of any one of Claims 1 or 2;
- b) identifying a DNA clone that hybridizes with the nucleic acid molecule of any one of Claims 1 or 2; and
- c) sequencing the genomic fragment that comprises the clone identified in step (b),

wherein the sequenced genomic fragment encodes a tyrosine ammonia lyase enzyme.

Claim 14 (Withdrawn). A method of obtaining a nucleic acid molecule encoding a tyrosine ammonia lyase enzyme comprising:

- a) synthesizing at least one oligonucleotide primer corresponding to a portion of the sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO:2; and
- b) amplifying an insert present in a cloning vector using the oligonucleotide primer of step (a);

wherein the amplified insert encodes a portion of an amino acid sequence encoding a tyrosine ammonia lyase enzyme.

Claim 15 (Canceled)

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Claim 16 (Withdrawn). A method for the production of para-hydroxycinnamic acid comprising:

- (a) contacting a recombinant host cell with a fermentable carbon substrate, said recombinant cell comprising the isolated nucleic acid molecule of Claims 1 or 2 operably linked to suitable regulatory sequences;
- (b) growing said recombinant cell for a time sufficient to produce parahydroxycinnamic acid; and
- (c) optionally recovering said para-hydroxycinnamic acid.

Claim 17 (Withdrawn). A method according to Claim 16, wherein said fermentable carbon substrate is selected from the group consisting of monosaccharides, oligosaccharides, polysaccharides, carbon dioxide, methanol, formaldehyde, formate, and carbon-containing amines.

Claim 18 (Withdrawn). A method according to Claim 17 wherein said fermentable carbon substrate is glucose.

Claim 19 (Withdrawn). A method according to Claim 16 wherein said recombinant host cell is selected from the group consisting of bacteria, yeasts, filamentous fungi, algae and plant cells.

Claim 20 (Withdrawn). A method according to Claim 19 wherein said recombinant host cell is selected from the group consisting of Aspergillus, Arthrobotrys, Saccharomyces, Zygosaccharomyces, Pichia, Kluyveromyces, Candida, Hansenula, Debaryomyces, Mucor, Torulopsis, Methylobacter, Escherichia, Salmonella, Bacillus, Acinetobacter, Rhodococcus, Rhodobacter, Synechocystis, Streptomyces, and Pseudomonas.

Claim 21 (Withdrawn). A method according to Claim 16 wherein said recombinant host cell is selected from the group consisting of soybean, rapeseed, sunflower, cotton, corn, tobacco, alfalfa, wheat, barley, oats, sorghum, rice, broccoli, cauliflower, cabbage, parsnips, melons, carrots, celery, parsley, tomatoes, potatoes, strawberries, peanuts, grapes, grass seed crops, sugar beets, sugar cane, beans, peas, rye, flax, hardwood trees, softwood trees, and forage grasses.

Claim 22 (Withdrawn).. The method according to Claim 16 wherein said gene encoding a tyrosine ammonia lyase activity encodes the peptide set forth in SEQ ID NO:3.

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Claim 23 (Withdrawn). The method according to Claim 16 wherein the gene encoding a tyrosine ammonia lyase activity is derived from *Rhodobacter sphaeroides*.